CSM - 46/16

Indian Language & Literature in English

Paper - I

Time: 3 hours

Full Marks: 300

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks.

Candidates should attempt Q. No. 1 from Section – A and Q. No. 5 from Section – B which are compulsory and three of the remaining questions, selecting at least one from each Section.

SECTION - A

- 1. Answer any **three** of the following: $20 \times 3 = 60$
 - (a) Tempest stands out as the culmination of Shakespeare's theatrical art — elaborate.
 - (b) Identify some of the broader artistic, didactic and philosophical concerns in Shakespeare's plays, with a pointed reference to King Lear.
 - (c) Donne's love poetry represents a marked departure from the Petrarchan school elucidate.

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(Turn over)

- (d) Do you regard Wordsworth as much more than a topographical and nature poet? — Illustrate.
- The Epic Similes in Milton's Paradise Lost
 (Books I and II) invest this epic with an earthly touch
 —justify.
 60
- Critically analyse Donne as "a great writer of conceited verses", with a special reference to his poems, "The Sunne Rising" and "Canonization."
- 4. Do you agree that Pope's Rape of the Lock feminizes epic conventions?

SECTION - B

- 5. Answer any **three** of the following: $20 \times 3 = 60$
 - (a) Swift's Gulliver's Travels is "lastingly funny"— argue for or against it.
 - (b) Jane Austen excels in writing comedy of manners. Justify or modify.
 - (c) Hardy stands out as the Grand Old Man of English literature. Elaborate.

WG-46/2 (2) Contd.

- (d) Dickens is to be commended for his complex, ramifying plots. Comment.
- Do you endorse the view that Jane Austen "brought the English novel, as an art form, to maturity?"
- Hardy's Tess of D'Urbervilles is conspicuous by the absence of "the conventional Victorian heroine" — justify.
- Examine critically some of the minor, yet memorable, characters in Dickens's Hard Times.

